

# Augmented Visualization with Natural Feature Tracking

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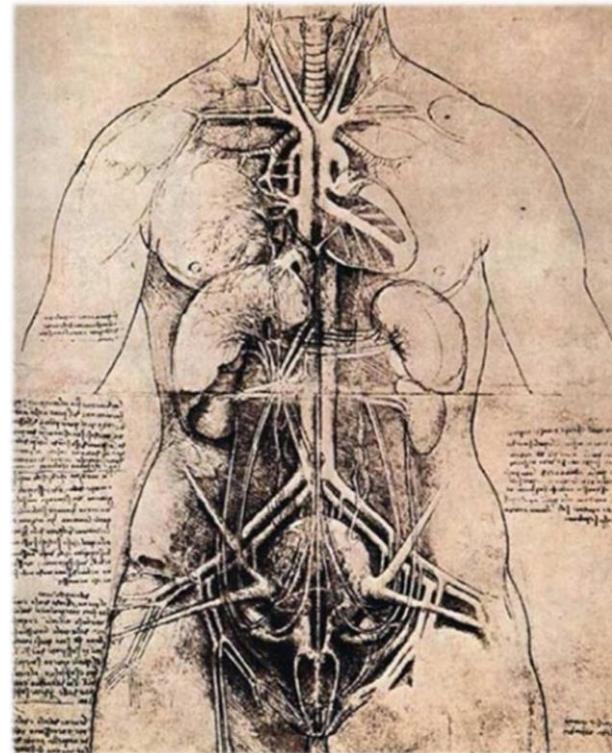
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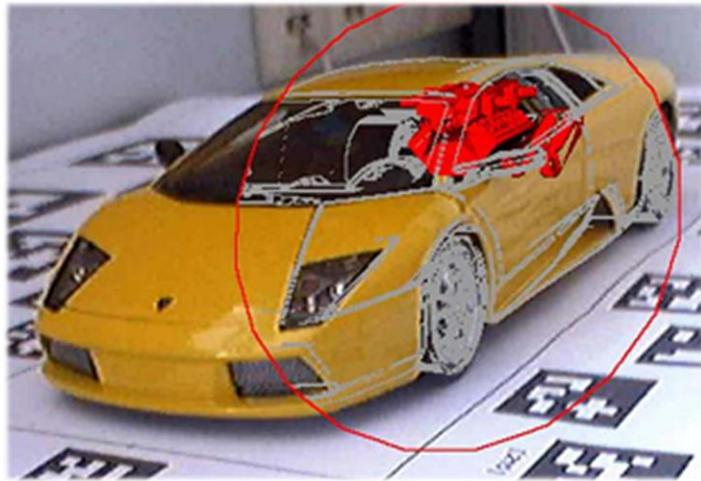


# The Magic Lens Metaphor

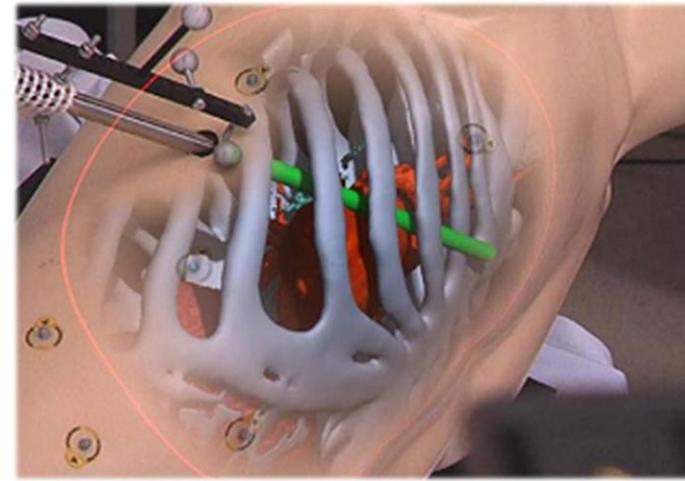


[Leonardo Da Vinci, 16<sup>th</sup> century]

# The Magic Lens Metaphor (2)



[Kalkofen et al. (2007)]



[Bichlmeier et al. (2007)]

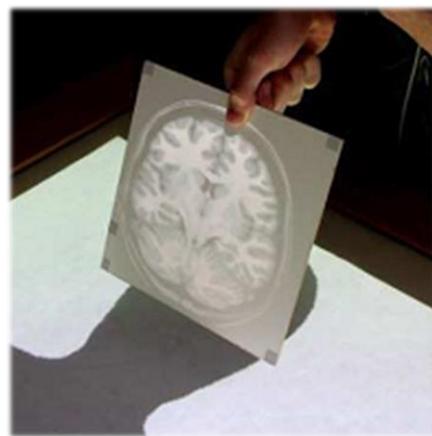
# The Magic Lens Metaphor (3)



[Sanneblad et al. - Ubiquitous Graphics (2005)]



[Reitmayr et al. - Augmented Maps (2005)]



[Spindler et al. - PaperLens (2009)]

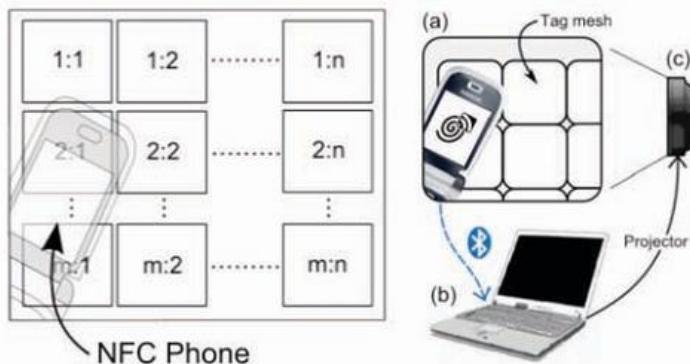
# Interaction with Displays



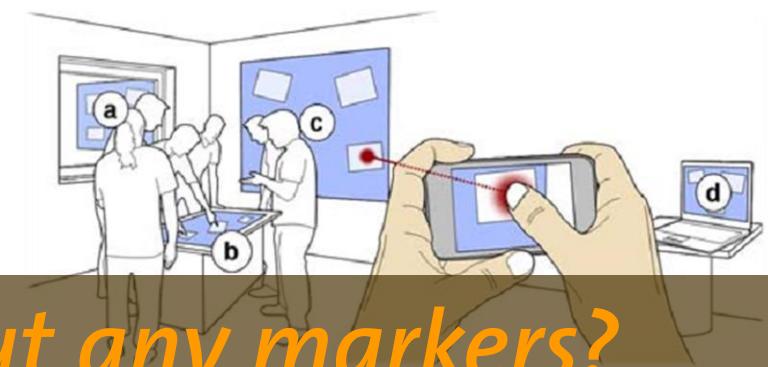
[Ballagas et al. - Point & Shoot (2005)]



[Boring et al. - Shoot & Copy (2007)]



[Hardy et al. - Touch & Interact (2008)]



*Can we do that **without any markers?***

[Boring et al. - TouchProjector (2010)]

# AUGMENTED VISUALIZATION



# Idea

## ▪ Assumptions

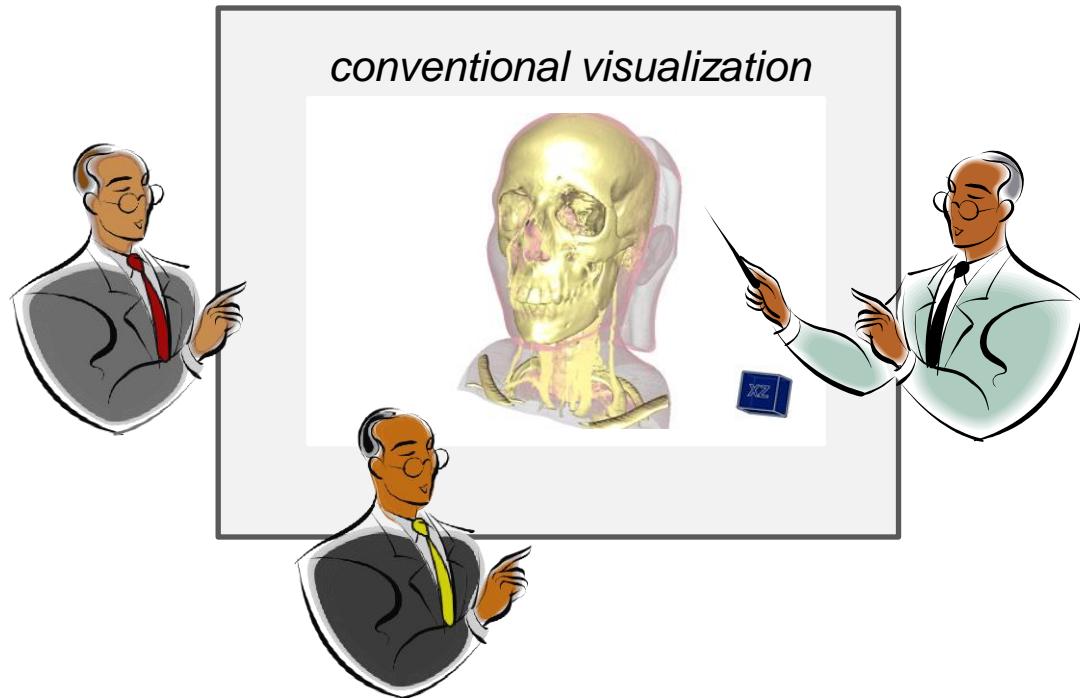
- Visualizations are shown on monitors or large projections
- The visualized scene is rendered/virtual
- Group of people with different interests

## ▪ Goals

- 6DoF input
- personal overlay information for each participant
- widely available & cheap HW
- avoid any special markers



*augmented visualization*



# Idea

- **Input**

- touch screen
- buttons
- accelerometer
- camera tracking



*Pose estimation of each participant*

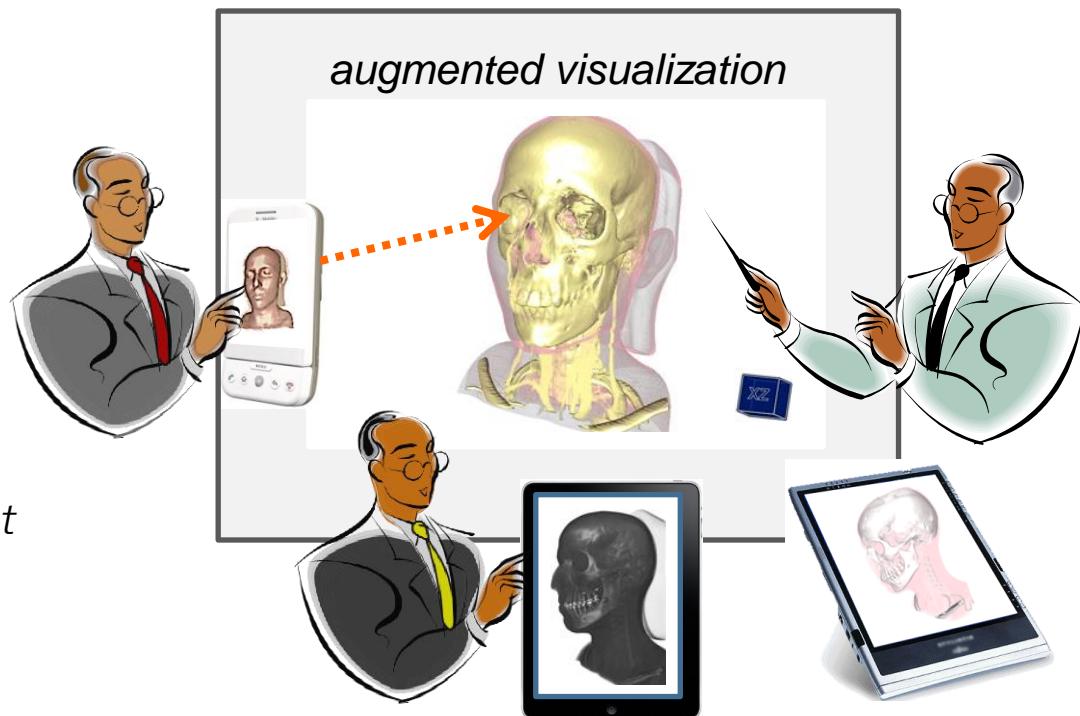
- **Output**

- "magic lens" display
- vibration
- etc.



*Personal overlays for each participant*

*novel interaction device(s)*



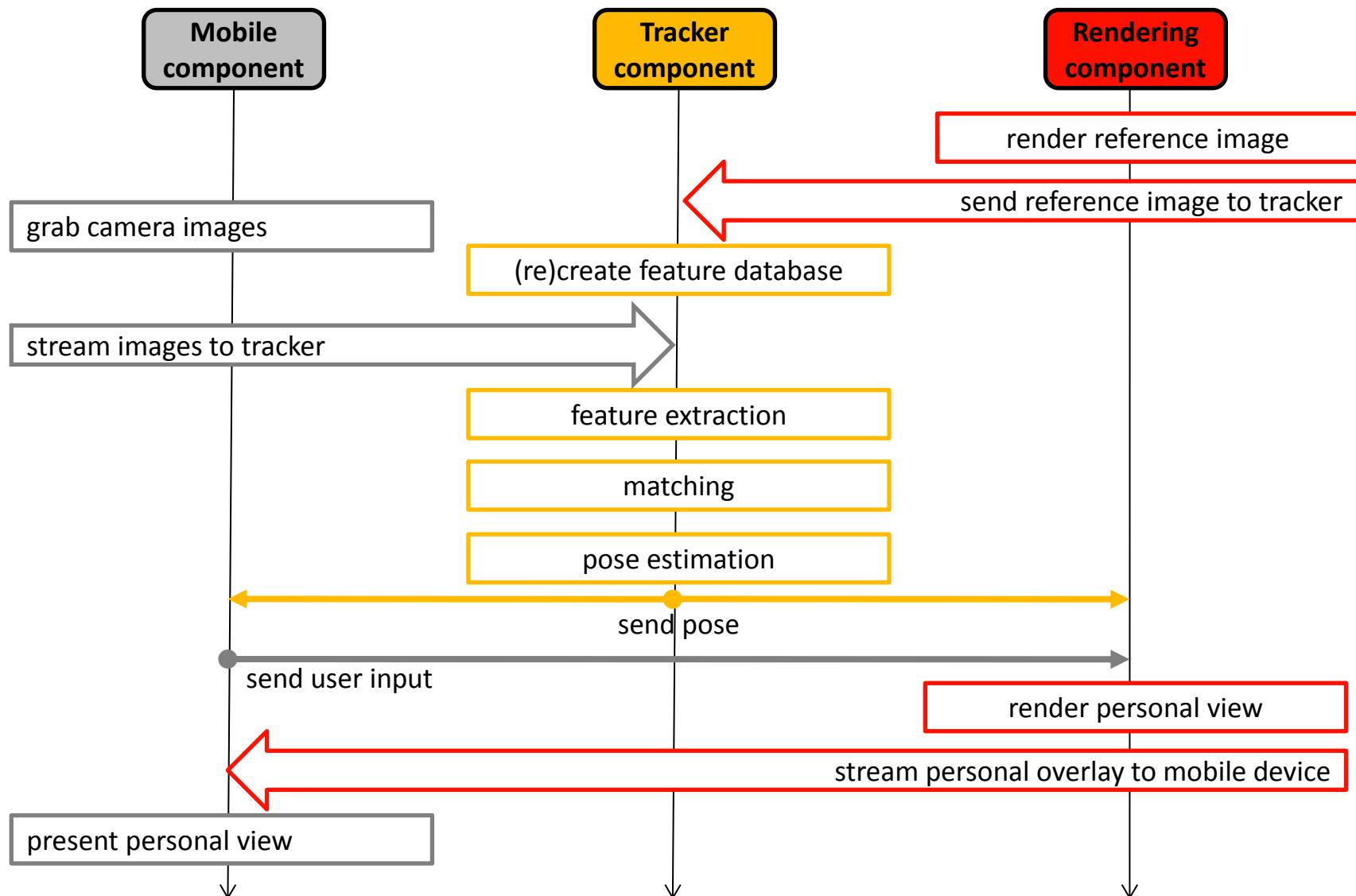
# SYSTEM OVERVIEW

*Rendering  
Component*

*Tracking  
Component*

*Mobile  
Component*

# System Overview



# SYSTEM OVERVIEW

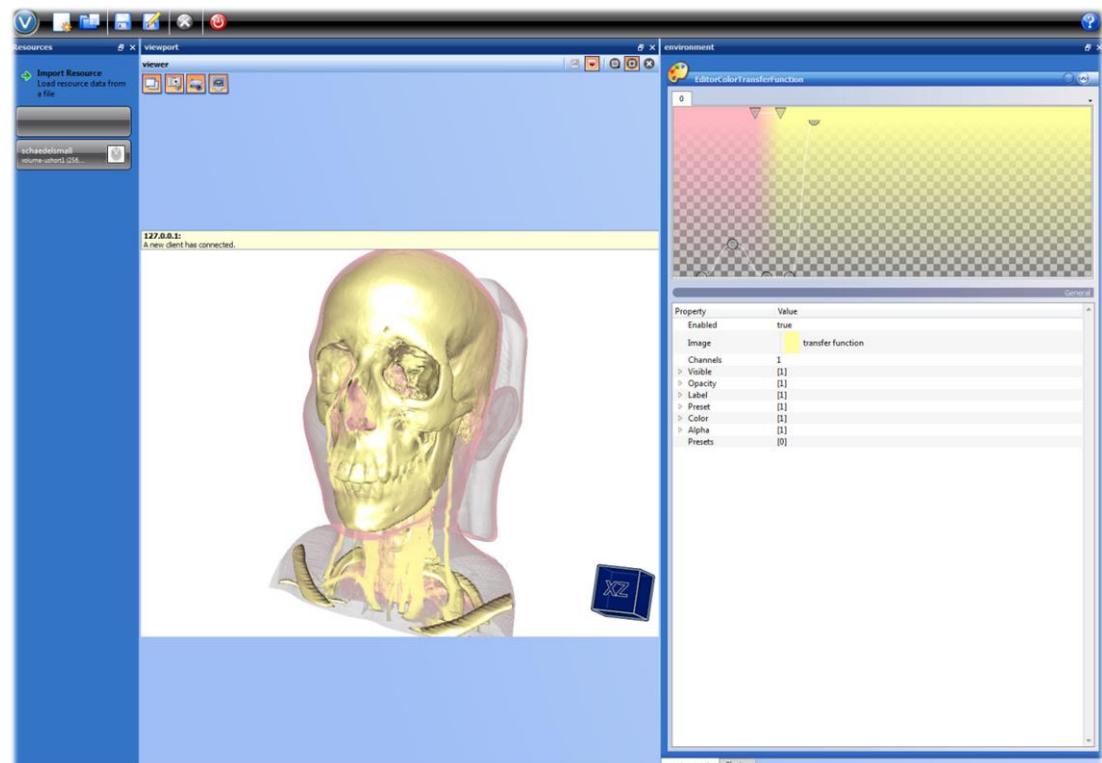
*Rendering  
Component*

*Tracking  
Component*

*Mobile  
Component*

# Rendering Component

- VolumeShop volume rendering framework
- Multiple viewports  
(common view and personalized views)
- XML-based Plugins
- Simple remote control extension



# SYSTEM OVERVIEW

*Rendering  
Component*

*Tracking  
Component*

*Mobile  
Component*

# Tracking Component

## A) Detection & Initialization:

### 1. feature extraction

- FAST [Rosten&Drummond2006]

### 2. feature description

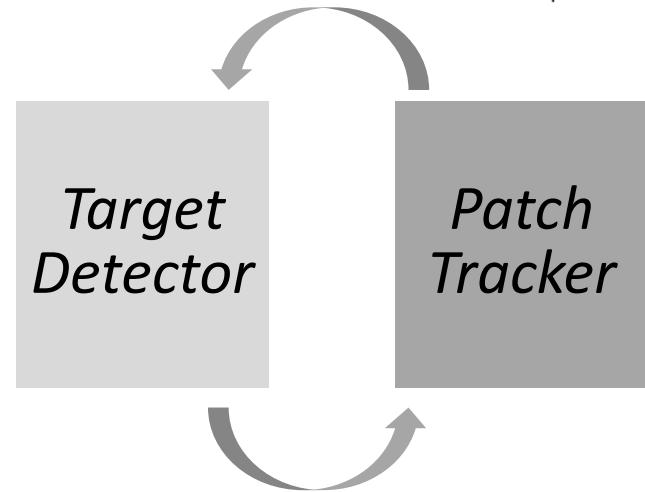
- modified SURF (at multiple scales) [Bay et al. 2008] [Wagner et al. 2009]

### 3. feature matching

- brute force, Euclidean distance (database not too large)

### 4. outlier detection & pose estimation

- geometric constraints & RANSAC



## B) Patch Tracking:

- prediction of affinely warped patches in subsequent images
- up to extreme tilts and lighting changes

# SYSTEM OVERVIEW

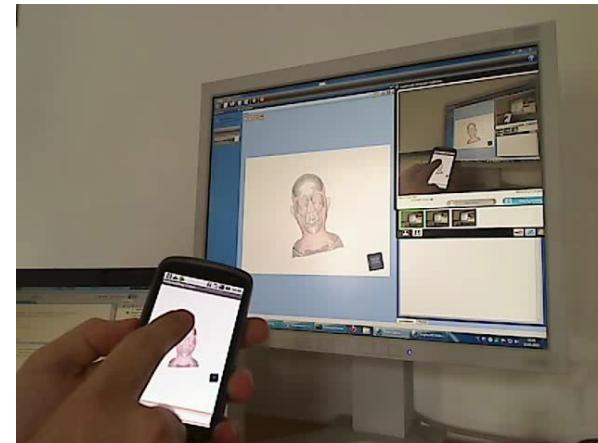
*Rendering  
Component*

*Tracking  
Component*

*Mobile  
Component*

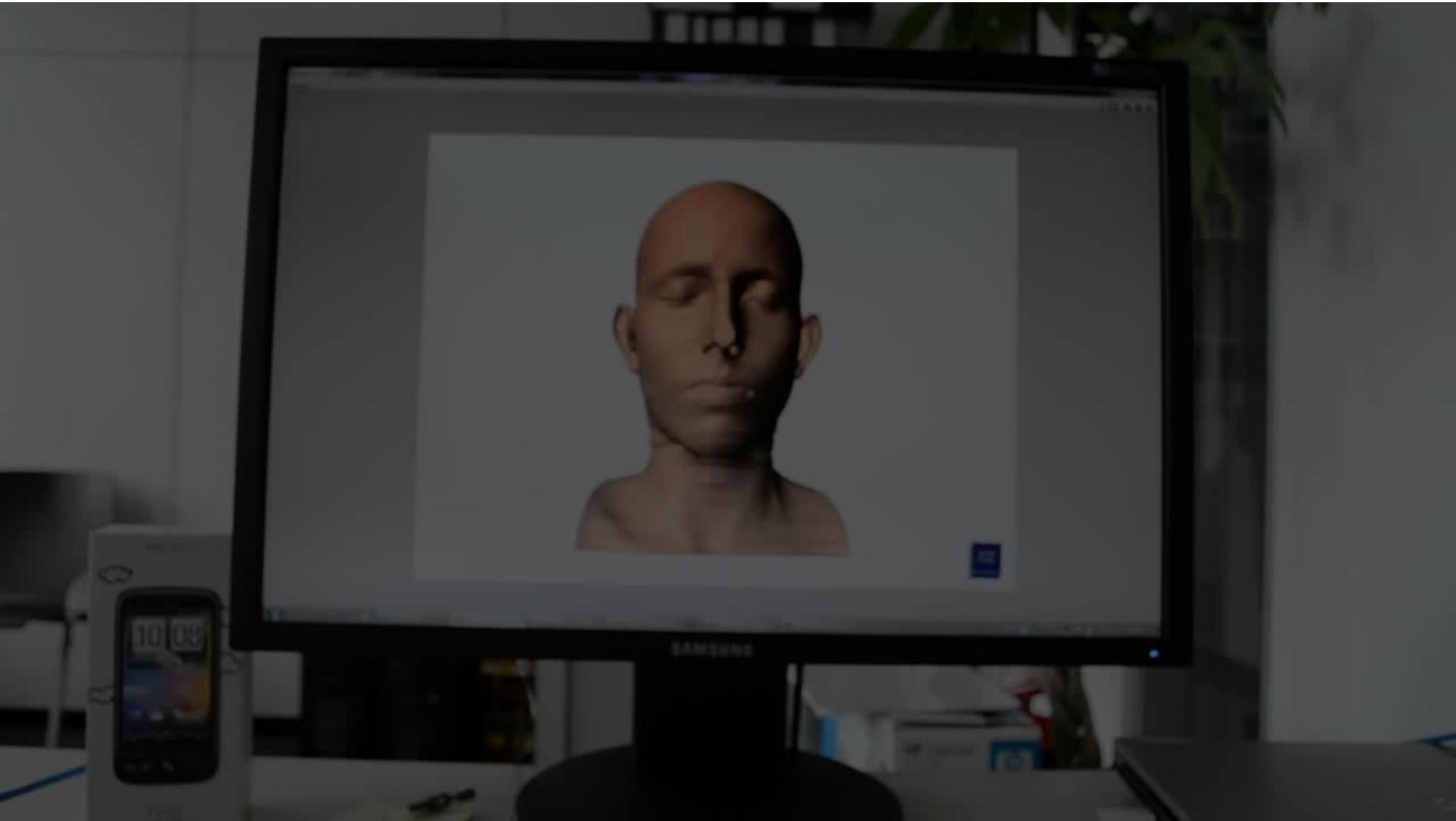
# Mobile Component

- HTC Desire (Google Nexus One)
  - Hardware H.263 and JPEG encoder
  - WiFi connection
  - Camera
- H.263 video streaming
  - Android Media API + localhost loopback
  - RTP/RTSP
  - Too much delay
- JPEG frame streaming
  - Android Camera API
  - UDP
  - GStreamer node in the tracker
  - Low delay, good quality
- User Interface
  - Touch screen
  - Pointer
  - Overlay images



# RESULTS

# Results – Video

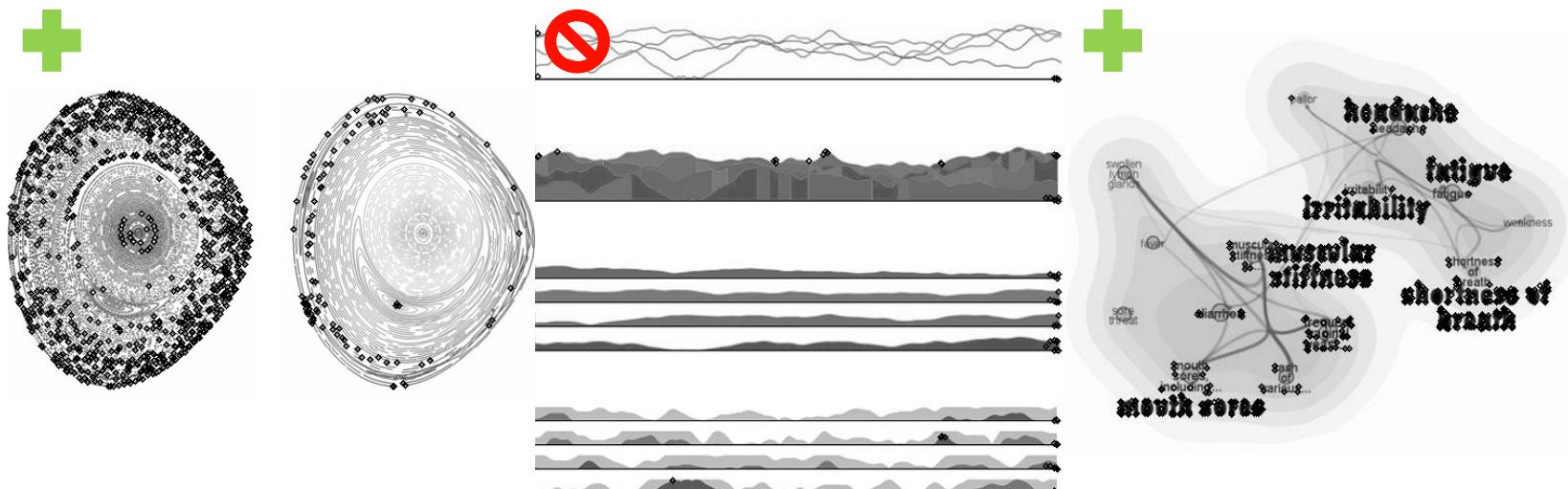


# Results – Frame rates

Camera resolution	JPEG quality	Overlay resolution	Average FPS
320x240	80%	128x128	19.2
320x240	80%	256x256	15.2
320x240	80%	320x240	14.7
320x240	80%	800x480	9.5
640x480	80%	256x256	8.8
640x480	30%	256x256	9.2
320x240	30%	256x256	16.8
176x144	80%	256x256	19.1 (degraded)
176x144	30%	256x256	failed
320x240	80%	128x128	14.2 (2 users)
320x240	80%	128x128	11.4 (3 users)

# Results – Content

- Robust tracking when more than 100 keypoints
  - This assumption usually holds in scientific visualization
  - Distance range is limited



# Conclusion

- So far...
  - Interactive frame rates
  - No special hardware required
  - Easy to implement and deploy
  - Simple GUI
- The next steps...
  - Porting the tracker onto the phones
  - Automatic camera calibration
  - Extension to multiple targets (multiple displays)
  - New applications



Thank you for your attention!

谢谢