

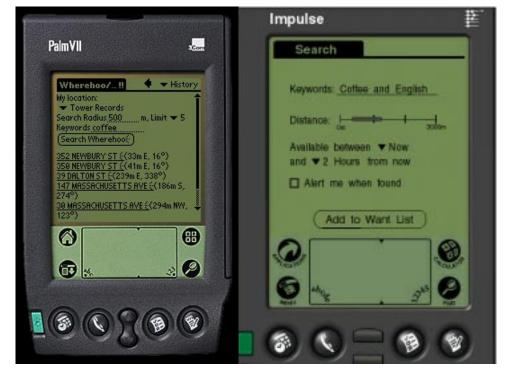
An interactive location service for software agents and intelligent systems wherehoo.media.mit.edu

Jim Youll and Raffi Krikorian Software Agents Group, MIT Media Laboratory

© 2000 MIT Media Laboratory

# Giving a person "on the street" the benefits of the Internet

- Really "on the street"
- Low search cost
- Coordination
- Discovery of situated resources and people
- Target clients:
  Palm devices / PDAs
  Embedded systems
  Wearables
  SOFTWARE
  Multiagent systems
  Explorers





## A place and time for everything

 Temporal and

#### geographic coordinates

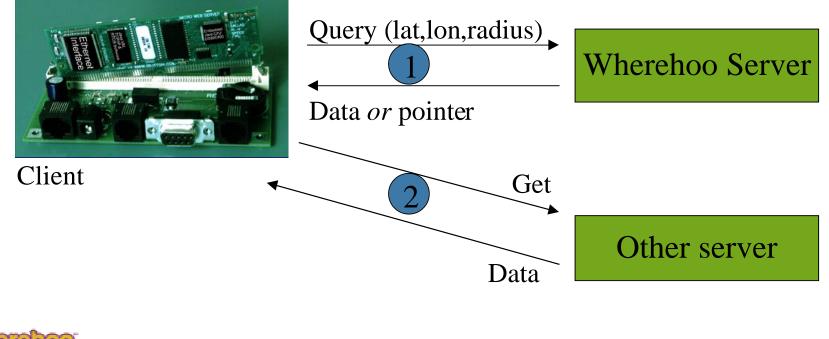
- Where are you
- When are you?
- What's happening there now
- What happened here at 0900?

- Scope
  - Long- and short-lived entities (~6 seconds to ∞)
  - Modest storage capacity for data belonging to small agents (1 to 64K bytes)



## **Queries** and Inserts

- Devices with limited communications/processing and more powerful systems will use the server
- Some queries will be answered fully by the Wherehoo server. Others require additional lookups by the client
- Some data will be stored in the Wherehoo server. Other data will be stored elsewhere



4/13

### **Queries** and Inserts

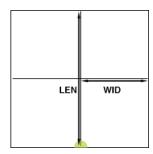
• SMTP-like interaction

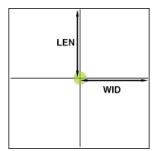
IDT jim

wherehoo\_server 0.56 30 20 1024 65535 ACT QUERY LLH 42.023 -071.33 0 LEN 250 WID 250 LIM 10

#### ок

**96 N 1443 99999999 33212 WHEREHOO IMAGE/JPG META** DATA **(33212 bytes of data) 138 NW 230 99999999 74 HTTP TEXT/HTML NONE** SKIP





BYE



## Queries and Inserts

• SMTP-like interaction

IDT jim wherehoo\_server 0.56 30 20 1024 65535 ACT INSERT LLH 72.019 288.908 0 MIM TEXT/PLAIN PRO WHEREHOO DAT 18 (18 bytes of data) ACK MET This is some metadata describing the content of the DATA field

OK c08b9ac6d59dba9be0106096626809b2e4098f0a

BYE

.



6/13

## Design philosophy

- **Powerful clients** will do their own sorting/filtering and exploration
- **Don't interpret data**, just faithfully store and retrieve it
- All **times are deltas** from local time
- No content filtering in searches. Clients will select along many axes we cannot predict
- Filter literal data when both client and server benefit (MIME type, protocol, data size, time)
- **Small clients** may require an intermediary to do the hard work

- **Socket interface** yields platform and language independence
- Minimal embellishment add time,distance,heading vector to discovered records - Client cannot do this well; server is authoritative
- Precise geode model for accurate distance measures\*
- Read/write facile as many clients may be writing records as querying them, for example, subway trains and buses will insert many shortlived records



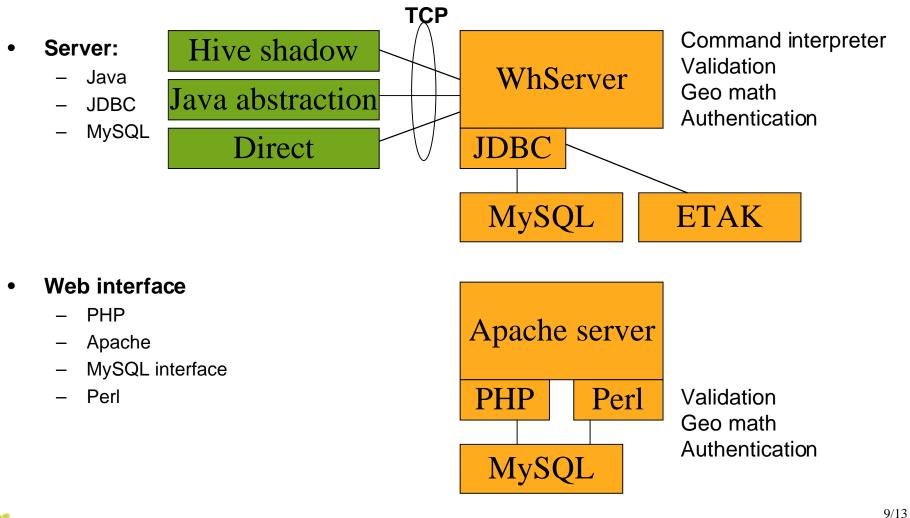
<sup>\*</sup> Derived from http://www.census.gov/cgi-bin/geo/gisfaq and Perl examples by Darrell Kindred <dkindred@cmu.edu> (1998)

# Security

- Protecting your data is up to you!
- Wherehoo is like DNS its records are all public by design and queries are anonymous
  - (if the data matters) Sign data that must not be changed
  - (and if it's private) Encrypt data that cannot be shared
  - (and if revelation of location is dangerous) Run a private server
- But we try to help:
  - Inserts are authenticated with digital signatures using a shared secret
  - Inserted records return a signed handle that may be used to access the record later



## Architecture





© 2000 MIT Media Laboratory

## Applications

#### • StreetWise

- **Transponder** to simulate location awareness in devices that don't have it (phones, Palms) with remote online capability (CDPD) and local only (collect,dump later)
- Tangible browsers for exploring the world, "surfing places" instead of "the net"
- Learning agents for tracks-based routing. "How did other people get there?"
- Social applications dial by location; friend discovery; "follow me" trails



## Problems

- **Data pollution** no way to detect or delete abandoned records. For example, a building that's torn down should have its record expired.
  - Quality feedback from clients could possibly help here
- Imprecision of GPS data and data loss due to tall buildings
  - Clients designed with knowledge that GPS data does not have sub-meter precision should express appropriate expectations and behaviors, using available information to their advantage.
  - Lost signal is a problem for the clients, not the server, e.g. a navigation client must deal with blackout by switching to dead reckoning and compass direction



### Future work

- Views that run forward and backward in time
- Improved algorithms for efficient irregular searches.
- Encoding areas rather than just points.
- Layered or container semantics, and/or XML in the server/client interface, Geography Markup Language (GML), OpenGIS: Probably not
- Automate account creation
- Client feedback about quality or utility of data
- Many self-managed servers



12/13



# An interactive location service for software agents and intelligent systems

#### wherehoo.media.mit.edu

Jim Youll and Raffi Krikorian {jim,raffik}@media.mit.edu with

Joan Morris, Neil Chungfat, Ralph Harik, Pauline K. Hsu, Lee Lin Software Agents Group, MIT Media Laboratory

