



Distributed Systems – HS 2016 **Assignment 3**

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Outline

- Review of logical time and UDP
 - Causality
 - Lamport Timestamps
 - Vector Clocks

Assignment 3

Dates:

Start: October 24, 2016

End: November 3, 2016 11:59 PM



The User Datagram Protocol

- Simple transmission model
 - No hand-shakes, ordering, data integrity
 - Datagrams can be delayed, out of order, missing





TCP vs UDP (a brief comparison)

- **Transmission Control Protocol**
- Connection oriented
- High reliability applications, time is less critical
- Heavyweight
 - Handle reliability
 - Congestion control
- Data remains intact and in the correct order

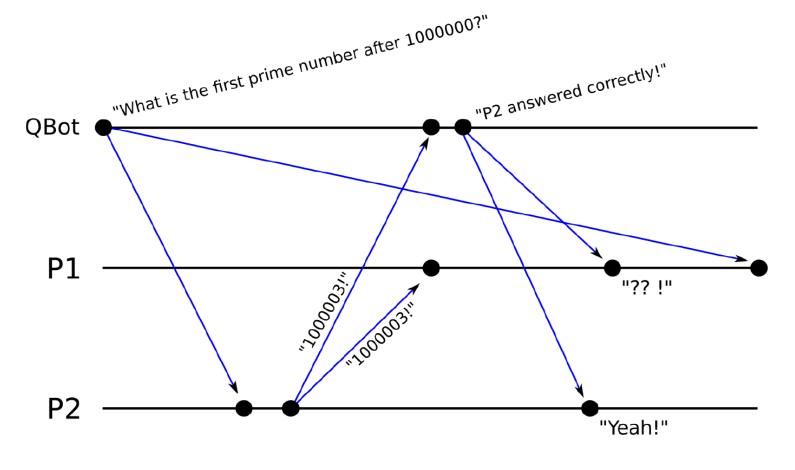
- **User Datagram Protocol**
- Connectionless
- Fast, efficient applications

- Lightweight
 - No guarantees

No ordering of messages



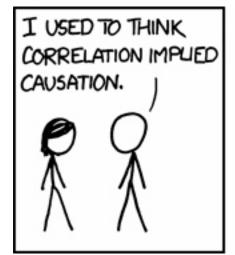
UDP Effects



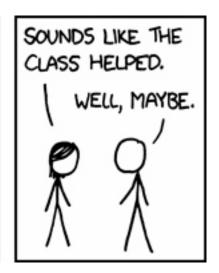


Causality

- Interesting property in Distributed Systems
- Causal relationship < ("happened before")









Software clocks

- Ideal real time
 - Transitive, dense, continuous
- No access to global clock
- Difficult to perfectly synchronize local clocks
- Logical time
 - **Lamport Timestamps**
 - Vector clocks
 - Matrix clocks





Lamport timestamps

- Use a single clock value
 - Local event:
 - Send event:
 - Receive event:

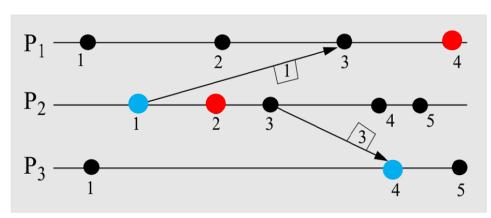
Local clock tick

Attach local clock value

Max(local clock, message clock)

Satisfies clock consistency condition:

$$e < e' \rightarrow C(e) < C(e')$$

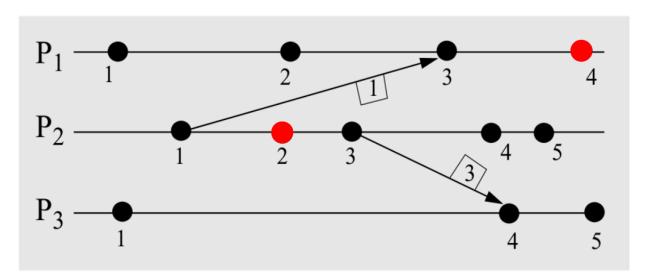




Lamport Timestamps

Do not satisfy the strong clock consistency condition

$$e < e' \leftrightarrow C(e) < C(e')$$





Vector Clocks

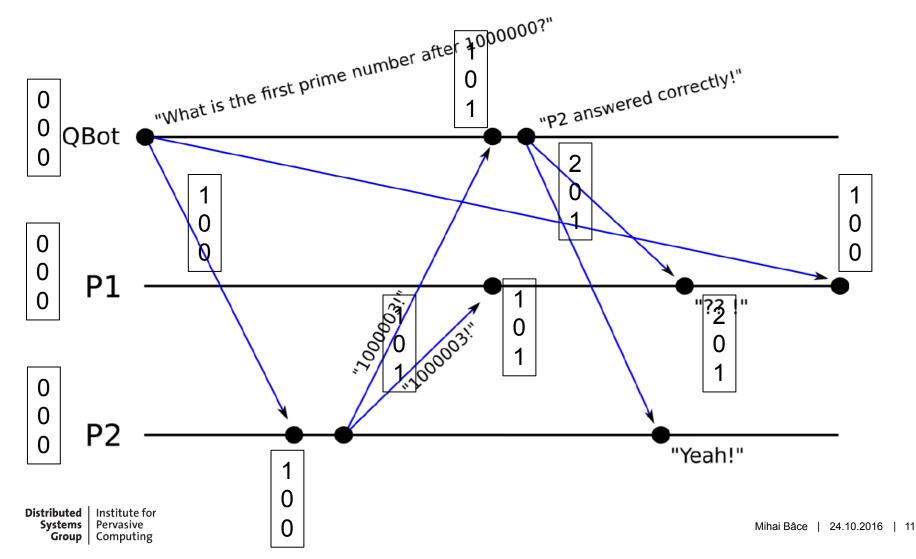
- Refinement of Lamport timestamps
- Each process keeps one counter

Satisfies the strong consistency condition!

$$e < e' \leftrightarrow C(e) < C(e')$$



Vector clocks





Vector clocks

Process i stores local information on what it thinks about the local time of process (1,...,n)



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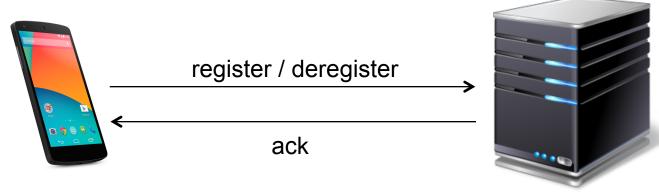


A mobile chat-like application

- Getting familiar with Datagrams (UDP) Task 1:
- Task 2: Lamport Timestamps and Vector Clocks
- Task 3: Message ordering based on Vector Clocks
- Task 4: Mini-Test

1. Getting familiar with Datagrams

- Client "registration" and "deregistration" service
- Use Datagrams
- Send message to the server, wait for acknowledgement
- Retry mechanism
 - If there is no "ack", retry 5 times
- When successful, display a notification (e.g. Toast) and transition to a new activity





1. Getting familiar with Datagrams

Hints:

- Sending / Receiving UDP packets are network operations
- Do not use the main UI thread
 - One solution: AsyncTask
 - Careful with multiple AsyncTasks! They are executed sequentially.
- The client must always listen for received/incoming messages (up to a certain timeout)
- Receiving messages is a blocking operation!

1. Getting familiar with Datagrams - The Server

- Server will be deployed on your local machine
- Launch "chat_server.jar" from the command line
- Can use the emulator or the phones

java -jar chat_server.jar

Server started

Server IP address: 192.168.192.38

Server port: 4446





2. Implementing Lamport Timestamps and Vector Clocks package ch.ethz.inf.vs.a3.clock;

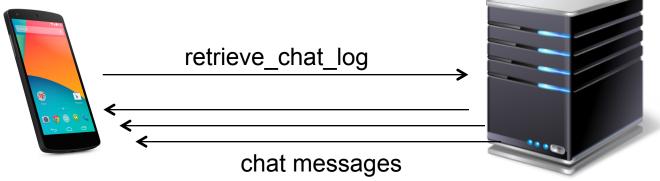
- Clock interface
- Implement all the methods
- For each type, some additional methods (check sheet)
- Use the unit tests for validation
- No server needed for this task

```
public interface Clock{
    * Update the current clock with a new one, taking into
    * account the values of the incoming clock.
    * E.g. for vector clocks, c1 = [2 1 0], c2 = [1 2 0],
    * the c1.update(c2) will lead to [2 2 0].
    * @param other
    public void update(Clock other);
    * Change the current clock with a new one, overwriting the
    * old values.
    * @param other
    public void setClock(Clock other);
    * Tick a clock given the process id.
    * For Lamport timestamps, since there is only one logical time,
    * the method can be called with the "null" parameter. (e.g.
    * clock.tick(null).
    * @param pid
    public void tick(Integer pid);
    * Check whether a clock has happened before another one.
    * @return True if a clock has happened before, false otherwise.
    public boolean happenedBefore(Clock other);
    * toString
    * @return String representation of the clock.
    public String toString();
    * Set a clock given it's string representation.
    * @param clock
    public void setClockFromString(String clock);
```

3. Message ordering based on Vector Clocks

- Client requests a chat log from the server
- Datagrams
 - Messages can arrive in any order. Cannot display them yet!
- Store messages in a buffer
- Order them







3. Message ordering based on Vector Clocks

- Buffer the incoming messages in a Priority Queue
- Priority Queue: priority heap, which orders the elements according to their natural order or according to the comparator specified at construction time
- Implement a Comparator for your messages
- Every incoming message will be inserted in the correct place



Message Structure - Sample

- JSON
- "header"
 - "username": "John" (String)
 - "uuid": "ae4e15ff-b589-4e85-a07c-594b16e4e645" (String)
 - "timestamp": "{\"0\":2,\"1\":0,\"2\":0}" (Map/HashMap for Vector) Clocks)
 - "type": "message" (String)
- "body"
 - "content": "Hello" (String)



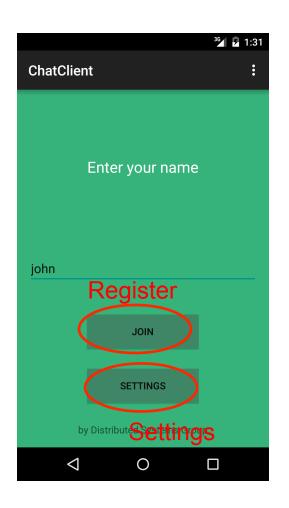


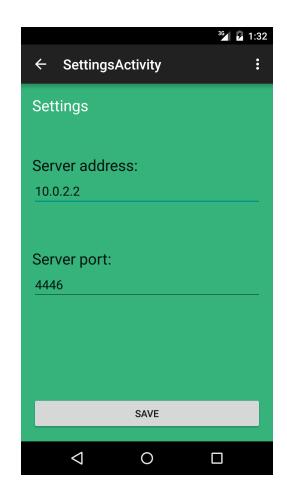
Message Sample

```
"header": {
    "username": "server",
    "uuid": "ac31f345-a8b1-4241-b939-9d3527f14483",
    "timestamp": "{\"0\":2,\"1\":0,\"2\":0}",
    "type": "message"
},
"body": {
    "content":"A1"
}
```



Sample Application Design









Android SDK Tools

- Android Debug Bridge (adb tool)
 - You can find the adb tool in <sdk>/platform-tools/
 - http://developer.android.com/tools/help/adb.html
- Android Emulator
 - http://developer.android.com/tools/devices/emulator.html
- Setting up a port forwarding
 - adb forward tcp:port1 tcp:port2
 - forwards the local port port1 on the machine to port2 on the emulator.
 - Example: adb forward tcp:12345 tcp:8088
- JUnit Testing
 - http://tools.android.com/tech-docs/unit-testing-support





Have fun!

